Industrial-man Design Guides - SLS 3D Printing

Build Volume: 350x350x420mm

Advantages

Self-supporting, no support required High strength parts Chemical resistance Biocompatible Accurate to CAD Fast build times - No tooling costs

Complex geometries possible

Tips & Tricks - hollow parts out with escape holes for trapped materials.

Anneal living hinges by dipping in boiling water and work back and forth.

Surface Finishes

Sand blasting
Polishing
Painting
Dying

Materials

PA 12 PA 12 + GF PA 11

PA 6

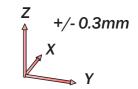
Drawbacks

Rough surface finish Limited material choice Low resolution so loss of fine details Warping

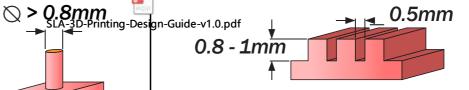
Pins - standard tolerance is +/- 0.3mm so any features with dimensions below this are unlikely to be printed without issue.
So pins should be designed ≥ 0.8mm.

Tolerances

+/- 0.3mm is standard.



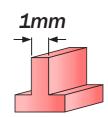
Slots - effected by depth or thickness of the wall, ≥ 0.5mm is minimum but will fail to print if the depth or wall thickness is over 2mm.

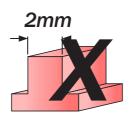


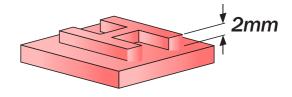
0.8mm - 1mm is preferred.

Walls - thicker walls are at risk of warpage. Thin walls can also be a problem area. 0.7mm minimum, but 1mm is preferred.









Text - sans serif such as Arial with a minimum font height of 2mm. Embossed text: > 1mm high. Engraved features: > 1mm deep.

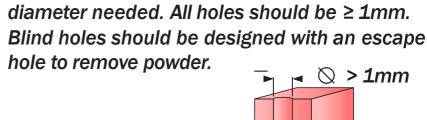
Mating (axels, gears)

> 0.5mm and < 1mm gaps prevent fusion.



Max Clearance

< 1.0mm



Escape Hole

Holes - the deeper the hole the larger the